WILSON WOULD BRING ON RAINY YEARS, SAYS TAFT

President Also Denounces Roosevelt's Trust Plan and Promises Revision of Tariff -Hints at Extra Session.

DANGER OF A DICTATORSHIP

Revolution in Wake of Third Term Policies-Says Suffrage for Women Is a Question To Be Decided by the States-Confident of Victory on Record in Office.

Four rainy years would follow Woodrow Wisson's election, President Taft said in an interview yesterday. At the same time the President denounced Roosevelt's trust plan, promised a revision of the tariff and hinted at an extra session if the Republicans control the next Congress.

The President warned the people that the third term party trust plan with an exercisely man in the President's chair. Wilson's election, President Taft said in an interview yesterday. At the same time the President denounced Roosevelt's trust plan, promised a revision of the tariff and hinted at an extra session if the Republi-

cans control the next Congress. the third term party trust plan with an upprincipled man in the President's chair night lead to the establishment of a dictatorship and cause a revolution.

He also discussed immigration, labor laws and paid his respects to both the candidates running against him. The interview follows:

What do you think, Mr. President, of the proposal of the third term party to control the trusts through federal incorporation and regulation?

It would create the most monstrous monopoly of power in the history of the world—a power as much greater, as much more autocratic, than that of a Cresar or a Napoleon as the business interests of the twentieth century are greater, more dominant and farreaching than were those of two thousand or two hundred years ago. An unprincipled man with such power in his grasp could perpetuate his authority, perhaps under legitimate forms, and become a dictator until his hold could be shaken loose only by revolution.

To return to "markets of the world," Mr. President, do you regard as hopeless or useless any efforts in that direction?

efforts in that direction?

The record of my administration does not indicate that I regard such efforts as either hopeless or useless. On the contrary, the advances in that direction have been greater than at any previous period in our history, and signally successful. Our experts for the last year amounted to \$2.170,313,828, of which \$514,302,903, or \$1.01 per cent of the total, were manufactures ready for consumption, the largest export trade and the largest proportion of manufactures ready for consumption the country has ever known. In 1896, the last full year of the last Democratic tariff law, known as the Wilson law, the total exports were \$832,200,81, of which manufactures ready for consumption amounted to \$181,759,187, a proportion to the total of \$104. These figures.

Both's talk above to the control of living. Mr. President?

The noted English labor leader. Keir and the work is general, in description of the control of t

You do not appear, Mr. President.

You do not appear, Mr. Fresh to hold out much hope of revision of the tariff?

Most certainly I do hold out not only the hope but the certainty of revision, provided that revision shall not be happaraged but baseling the control of the European countries and, I must add, also from Japan. Under the provisions of the Payne bill I was able to appoint a Tariff Board to make in vestignations into each schedule with a view to determining the cost of production abroad of the articles named in the schedule. The Tariff Board made a report on the production of woollens in this country and in all the countries abroad, and the proposed of the articles named in the singularly unfortunate for the finish and agrees similar data as to the manufacture of cotton if the Republican party had control of the have been no difficulty in passing a woollen bill such as indeed was presented by the Republicans in Congress, reducing the duty on wool and on woollens to such a degree as not to include the singularly to live.

What is your attitude, Mr. Presitate that the Aldrich plan is dead?

Do you agree,

the view expressed by a number of bankers to the effect that the Aldrich plan is dead?

The state of the consolidation of the minute of the manufacture of work done by the designation of the minute of the consolidation of the consolidation of the minute of the manufacture of work done by the molecular of the work done by the development of the manufacture of work done by the constitution and the control of the Republican party had before, and was chairman. I have the finish and the control of the respective of the singularity unfortunate to the singularity unfortunate to the inverse of the invisible government unport the provision of the

"They are fascinating letters," says the New York Tribune of Letters of George Meredith **SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE**

There are some notably intimate and interesting ones in the OCTOBER Number On All News-Stands

Mr. President, have you visited the "Chamber of Horrors" in Union Square, where the burdens upon living under the high tariff are il-

a price tag and indicating what the cost of the coat would be without a tariff h duty. "Why." he remarked. "that would bring the price of the coat lower than what I get for making one. At that rate, where would I come in?" It is hardly necessary to say that he would not "come in" at all, unless willing to work for one-half to one-fifth of his present pay for making a coat.

It is an unfortunate fact that, with the exception of Great Britain and Belgium, the more important markets of Europe are protected against us and everybody else by high protective tariffs, and there largest export trade and the largest proportion of manufactures ready for consumption the country has ever known. In 1896, the last full year of the last Democratic tariff law, known as the Wilson law, the total exports were \$883,200,481, of which manufactures ready for consumption amounted to \$181,720,187, a proportion to the total of 21,04. These figures seem to be a sufficient reply to Governor Wilson's talk about the Payne tariff law being a stratifacket for American energy and industry.

How do you explain the high cost of living. Mr. President?

The noted English labor leader. Keir Hardie, who is generally regarded as truthful and deliverate in his description of labor conditions abroad, said in an address in Chicago on September 17, That is exactly the position of the Re-

Suffrage for women is an issue to be decided by the states, and there can be no doubt whatever that whenever and wherever a majority of women impress upon their fathers, their husbands, sons, brothers and beaux that they want to vote they will get the right to vote. It is too noble, too serious, too sacred an issue to be used merely to get votes. I believe women to be as capable of a wise use of the ballot as men, and I can perceive wherein woman's influence extended to the political field would have a most beneficial bearing on the general welfare, and especially on the great issue of international peace and concord.

Do you regard the recall of

Do you regard the recall of judges, Mr. President, as an issue in this campaign? I regard the maintenance of an inde-

I regard the maintenance of an independent judiciary as a supreme issue, and I thoroughly agree with the American Ear Association that the recall applied to judges would tend to deprive the public of judges of ability, character, high sense of duty and a due regard to enlightened public sentiment, and that such a judiciary is absolutely necessary to the existence of a constitutional democracy.

As I said in my speech of acceptance, As I said in my speech of acceptance, the Republican party believes in progress along the lines upon which we have attained progress already. We do not believe that we can reach a millennium by a sudden change in, all our existing institutions. We believe that we have made progress from the beginning until now, and that the progress is to continue into the far future: that it is reasonable progress that experience has

shown to be really useful and helpful, and from which there is no reaction to something worse.

The Republican party stands for the Constitution as it is, with such amendments adopted according to its provisions as new conditions thoroughly understood may require. We believe that it has stood the test of time, and that there have been disclosed really no serious defects in its operation.

What are your views, Mr. President, in regard to immigration?

There are both room and opportunity in the United States for immigrants of wholesome physique, industrious habits and good moral character. I hope that when the Panama Canal is opened the tide of immigration from Europe will go through to the Pacific states, which are very sparsely settled, in view of their vast extent and magnificent natural resources.

Referring to Governor Wilson, the

I appreciate Governor Wilson's courteous and respectful personal attitude
toward my office and toward me. As to
his statement about my being misled by
'bad advisers,' I wish him and every
one to understand that I have been and
will continue to the end of my term
President of the United States in all that
the title implies; that I am responsible
for every act of my administration and
have no burden to shift on others. It
is
for my countrymen to decide whether I
have fulfilled to their satisfaction the
high trust comitted to my charge, and
my faith in their sense of justice, in their
loyalty to the heritage which we have
received from the fathers and should
hand down unimpaired to our children,
convinces me that their verdict will be
one of approval and that November 5
will witness an emphatic indorsement of
the Republican party and of Republican
policies.

Whon I declared, a few weeks ago, that

the Republican party and os Republicas.

Whon I declared, a few weeks ago, that I felt reasonably sure of my own re-election in November and the success of the Republican party I was regarded by some as entirely oversanguine and unaware of the situation. To-day, however, after a number of indications that the Republican party is still the dominant party and the expected growth of Demogratic strength has failed to materialize.

Republican National

Square, where the burdens upon living under the high tariff are illustrated?

No, but a New York friend told me a little incident in regard to it worth remembering. According to the story told me, the arbibition includes a number of articles of cooling tagged with the prices, and an all-ged statement of what the articles would cost with the tariff duties deducted. I understand that a number of establishments engaged in the manufacture of ciothing are situated in the neighborhood and a working man, evidently from one of those establishments, strolled at the noon hour into the exhibition. Looking about him, he noticed a coat bearing a price tag and indicating what the cost of the coat would be without a tariff duty. "Why," he remarked, "that would bring the price of the coat lower than what I get for making one. At that rate, where would I come in?" It is hardly necessary to say that he would not "come in" at all, unless willing to work for one-half to one-fifth of his present pay for making a coat.

Don't you think, Mr. President, that it would benefit the whole country and open to us the markets of the world if the tariff were reduced to a figure that would prove to other nations our desire for broader commercial intercourse?

It is an unfortunate fact that, with the processary to say that he would prove to other nations our desire for broader commercial intercourse?

It is an unfortunate fact that, with the processary to say that would prove to other nations our desire for broader commercial intercourse?

BOOLINGTON DESIRED THE MINISTER TICKET.

PROHIBITION STATE TICKET Olean Convention Names Dr. T.

A. MacNichol for Governor. Olean, N. Y., Sept. 25 .- The Prohibition

party in state convention here to-day nominated a full state ticket, adopted what is termed a progressive platform and raised \$12,000 by voluntary subscrip tion to carry out the campaign. It was

of Every Precedent."

Marshall said:

Theodore Roosevelt violated every precedent of the Republic, struck the Constitution as though it were an unruly child and by the very force and power of his great office aided and abetted in the consolidation of the Tennessee Iron and Coal Company with the United States Steel Corporation, thereby further fastening the power of this "invisible government" upon the people. The Democrats knew during all the time of the campaign oratory of both Theodore Hoosevelt and Albert J. Beveridge that though the voice might be the voice of Jacob the hand was the hand of Esau.

It shall reveal an amazing lack of discrimination on the part of the American people if they choose as their agents to destroy this "invisible government" these gentlemen, who never discovered its existence until after they had been retired from office. Conversion is a good thing, but in no church that I know of do they discharge the preacher and put the convert immediately into the pulpit.

CLEARING KANSAS MUDDLE

Taft Electors to Replace Roosevelt Men in Republican Column. Topeka, Kan., Sept. 25 .- A petition nam-

ing ten new Roosevelt electors to go on the independent ballot was filed to-day by William Allen White, Kansas Progressive national committeeman. The petition bore four thousand signatures. The eight Roosevelt electors in the Republican column, Mr. White said, would withdraw formally within a few days. Their places will be filled by Taft men. to be named by the Republican State

Committee. THE TRIBUNE'S ROOM AND BOARD REGISTER is for your benefit. Con-

WAR GOVERNORS LAUDED T. R. TO TESTIFY OCT. 4 CARRIES ALL BUT ESSEX OCTOBER 181, 1912

President Taft Tells Altoona Clapp Names the Date for Hughes Wins Over Smith by Audience of Their Work.

DAYS OF '62 CONTRASTED OIL PAPERS ASKED FOR WILSON POINTS

Present Prosperity Used to Illustrate Crisis Faced by Lincoln and Loyal Aids.

Altoona, Penn., Sept. 25.-President Taft

said "we'll see you through."

The President's speech dealt almost entirely with the conference of the war Gov-

The President left late to-day for Beverly. He expected Chairman Hilles of the Republican National Committee to board his private car at Harrisburg and mak the journey north to help him discuss New England politics with Republican leaders there.

Large Crowd to Hear the President. The President spoke to-day within the crowd was large and applauded fre-

President said in part:

And that is what Andrew of Cortin proposed to do. He told Seward so, and Seward told Lincoln, and Lincoln said: Let us have them, and they had them. They came here. Some of them could not come and they sent representatives, but most of them came. Then when they talked it sout and got into their minds will they were going to do and say. Massachusetts, Northern hero, who occupies a place in the halls of fame with your own Governor Curtts, they drafted an address to Mr. Lincoln. I want you to read that address. There are no "buts" or "its" or "ands" in it. There was one suggestion that they would like to raise 160,00 more troops, to have them in reserve. Then they did what was very dear to the heart of Mr. Lincoln, because two days before he had issued his Emancipation Proclamation they said: "We are with you on that, we congratulate you on it, and we rejoice with you that you have taken the step."

"There was no bad taste that followed that meeting," said Fresident Taft in conclusion. "There entered into the soul of that great patriot and Fresident, Abraham Lincoin, the feeling—you know it and I know it—that he had a nation behind him, and that the cause he was engaged in was worthy their lives and their fortunes and also the high resolve that he

FRESHMEN SWEEP FIELD Entering Class of N. Y. U. Too Much for Sophomores.

Before the delighted eyes of several utsiders, this year's freshman class at New York University rushed the sopho more class off Berkley Oval last night and then defeated the sophomores in tw out of the three wrestling bouts. The "freshles" arrived on the oval

about 7:00 and waited for the "sophs" until 9. The entering class was 125 strong, while the sophomores numbered only

for twenty-five minutes struggled back and forth over the oval, until the class tage by the upper classmen, who acted as referees.

A ring was then formed and the wresting bouts were started, three men being ticket, chosen from each of the two lower lasses. In the lightweight bout Frank Representative J. Hampton Moore, chair Herrick, a freshman, defeated his sophomore opponent, Henry Zimmer. Charles Tierdan, the middleweight representative of the entering class, was defeated by John Kennard, while William Dodnett pinned the shoulders of Harry Youngling, the heavyweight representative of the

ATTACKS NEWSPAPER LAW Mott Says Provisions of Federal Act Are Unjust.

The Tribune received last night the following message concerning the fed-28th New York District:

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. Z.—Believing that many of the provisions of the rider to the postal appropriation bill affecting newspapers are onerous and unjust, if not unconstitutional. I am preparing a bill vitally modifying them, which I shall introduce at the opening of the session next December. I believe that but few of those voting for the measure realized that they were really voting to start a federal censorship of the press which in some ways is more oppressive than that prevailing in darkest Russia. The United States stands for freedom of speech and freedom of the press, and the people will not stand for interference with the rights of the newspaper.

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. Z.—Believing the party. The list of electors agreed upon by the sub-committee of the Republican State Committee, to be substituted for the President by Chairman Hilles, who received the names from Chairman Wasson. The list is complete, except for two names, one from Allegheny and one from the Delaware-Chester district, but was not made public.

STATE PAYS WINGDALE CLAIMS. Albany, Sept. 25.—State Controller.

Colonel's Appearance.

and Parker to Tell of Campaign Gifts.

Washington, Sept. 25 .- After a telephone of the New York Progressive headquarters, Senator Clapp announced that Friday, October 4, would be set by the Senate committee investigating campaign expenditures for the appearance of Colonel Monday, as planned. Senator Clapp was unable to say to-day whether the examination of Colonel Roosevelt would take more than one day.

Subpornas have been sent to New York by a Senate sergeant-at-arms for service pon General Counsel Elliott and the secretary of the Standard Oil Company in connection with the investigation of John D. Archbold's statements that he contributed \$100,000 to the Roosevelt fund of 1904, in behalf of the Standard Otl Com pany. The two officials are required to produce any papers they may have bearing on the transaction, the committee having called them in an effort to discover the receipt which Mr. Archbold said had been given to him by Cornelius N. Bliss, the treasurer of the Republican National Committee.

J. P. Morgan to Testify

Senator Clapp made public to-day the names of most of the witnesses who are to be heard. They include J. P. Morgan, H. C. Frick, Elbert H. Gary, George W. Perkins, William R. Hearst, Thomas F. canvas walls of a big tent. Although the Ryan, ex-Senator Chauncey M. Depew weather had been threatening all day the William Loeb, jr., George B. Cortelyou, Alton B. Parker, George R. Sheldon, Corquently. Mr. Taft was introduced by nellus N. Bliss, jr., and C. C. Tegethoff.
Governor Tener of Pennsylvania. The broad character of the investigation The broad character of the investiga-Fresident said in part:

One hundred millions of people—ninety millions between the oceans and ten millions in our ocean dependencies—constitute our population, and to-day right in the harvest time we are garnering crops that make possible the greatest prosperity that ever faced this country, and we are to-day where every man and every woman can have work if they will, when wages are the highest, and the individual happiness of every one averages higher than ever before.

I dwell on that fact to-day, borne in upon me by the procession of beautiful children that filed by me this morning, evidencing happy, comfortable homes and moral teaching in the schools and in the homes. It is because this is the liftleth anniversary of a day as different in respect of the happiness of our people and of the prospect before them as day is from night. Fifty years ago to-day we were in the throes of rebellion, the like of which had never been seen in the world before, and I hope may never be seen in the world again.

Early in September, 1842, your great war Governor, Andrew G. Curtin, concluded that, while the war Governors and have cause as well as they could, the time had come when 300,000 more troops were necessary to accomplish the task before the federal government, and so he suggested to Mr. Seward, whom he met in New York, that it might be a good thing to call the loyal Governors and have them talk it out and tell the Fresident how they sympathized with him and how they were determined to uphold his hands.

Welcomed by Lincoln. tion to determine whether campaign contributions have influenced tariff legisla-

een asked by Colonel Roosevelt to contribute a certain amount to his campaign

what they were going to do and say likey went down to Washington on the 7th and through Governor Andrew of T. Stotesbury, who was reported to have Massachusetts, Northern hero, who occu-collected Republican campaign funds in

committee list. Those who will be asked to explain the sources of campaign funds this year and the method of their expenditure include Senator Dixon, Ormsby McHarg and E. H. Hooker, treasurer of the Progressive party, for Colonel Roosevelt; H. L. sentative McKinley for President Taft, ex-Senator F. T. Dubois for Champ Clark, Senator Bankhead for Representative Underwood and William F. McCombs for

unes, and also the high resolve that he proposed to light out the battle and bring back the erring sisters into the Union." Kinley, Representative Weeks, of Massachusetts, and Representative Palmer, of nds its hearings.

Ex-Representativé Joseph C. Sibley, of written to John D. Archbold. The comundred upper classmen and a thousand mittee has learned that Mr. Sibley is in a sanatorium, in such poor health that his testimony would be of doubtful value.

CLEAR UP PENN. MUDDLE Hilles Gets List of Taft Electors to Go on Ticket.

Philadelphia, Sept. 25,-Charles D Hilles, chairman of the Republican Na-They rushed each other at once, and tional Committee, visited this city today, and received assurances from State hairman Wasson that the electoral sitof '16 was declared to have the advan- uation in Pennsylvania will be settled next Monday, when the state committee will substitute Taft electors for the Roosevelt supporters now on the Republican

> Mr. Hilles, State Chairman Wasson and man of the Congress committee for this state, addressed members of the Taft campaign committee of the Union League at a luncheon.

> Mr. Wasson stated that the resignations of twenty-four Roosevelt men on the electoral ticket had been received, and that the entire matter would be cleared ip in a few days.

> After the luncheon, Mr. Hilles, Mr. Wasson and President Tilden, of the Union League, went to Lancaster, where they joined President Taft on his way to this city from Altoona. Senator Penrose and Governor Tener

ecompanied the President from Altoona. eral act governing newspapers from but the Governor left the train at Har-Representative Luther W. Mott, of the risburg, where Representative Olmsted and E. T. Stotesbury, of this city, joined

of the newspaper.

Albany, Sept. 25.—State Controller Sohmer to-day paid the P. J. Carlin Con-25.-State Controller The danger of government officials of any department going into the newspaper offices and dictating as to the management is no idle one. Aside from the serious aspects of the case, the papers have already pointed out many absurdities in the act. I hope for the support of the proposed state prison at Wington press in my effort to modify the most vicious legislation of the year.

20,000, It Is Estimated.

MORAL

Morgan, Frick, Hearst, Perkins 24 Nominees for Congress-Defeat of J. L. Reid in Newark One of the Surprises.

It will be several days before it will be conference to-day with Oscar K. Davis, known officially just how badly Judge William Hughes, of Paterson, defeated James Smith, jr., at the Democratic primaries in New Jersey on Tuesday, but from the returns available last night it Roosevelt. The hearings will begin next was estimated Mr. Hughes will have a plurality of about 20,000 in a total vote of

Mr. Hughes carried every county in the state, with the exception of Essex, in which Mr. Smith lives. Here the Demoeratic boss had a plurality of 4,283, which is just about half of what he and his friends expected. In the other twenty countles of the state Smith made a feeble showing. Judge Hughes had a plurality of 3,000 in Passaic, his home county. When Governor Wilson was asked yes-

terday about the primary result, he ejaculated: "Is anybody surprised?" What moral do you draw from the result, Governor?"

"The moral is that the bosses can't rule in New Jersey." "Will you do the same thing in New

York State as you did in New Jersey?" "My dear boy," said the Governor, turning on the interviewer, "I am not so green as I look."

Smith Sends Congratulations.

One of the first telegrams of congratulation that Mr. Hughes received as he got out of bed yesterday morning was from Mr. Smith, and was as follows:

Congratulations on your receiving the majority of votes as the preferential choice for United States Senator, as expressed by the Democratic voters of New Jersey. May a Democratic Legislature be elected to carry out the wishes of the people of the state.

One of the surprises of the Republican primary contests in Newark was the detry; Edward F. Greene, J. R. Maccoll, feat of John L. Reid for the nomination Mayor by Louis V. Aronson. Mr. all of Boston; N. T. Folwell, of Philadel- Reid had the backing of the Republican organization, while Mr. Aronson ran as an independent. He won by a majority Pittsburgh; Henry L. Towne, of New of 1,600. He will have the hearty support of the regular Republicans on Election Day.

The following are the candidates for Congress who appear to be nominated:

W. J. Browning.
John J. Gardner
B. F. S. Brown.
William M. Runyon
S. W. McClave.
Albin Smith.
Horace Robertson.
R. Wayne Parker.
W. L. Adams. John F. Wrisht.
-W. S. Hand.
-Thomas J. Scully.
-Than B. Waish.
-W. E. Cuttle.
-A. C. Hart.
-Robert G. Bremner.
-E. F. Kinkvad.
-Walter J. McCov.
-E. W. Townsend.
-John J. Eagan.
-J. A. Hammill.

The fusion ticket of George L. Record, Progressive, and John Rotherham, who says he is a regular Republican but has declared for Roosevelt, easily won in Hudson County.

Mayor Wittpenn of Jersey City is the county. During the nine days of the head administered a severe drubbing to strike the Sheriff had three hundred dens the faction formed by Sheriff Wedin, ties on duty. They received is a day, There is a possibility that three of the Wedin candidates for the nomination for member of Assembly may have won.

PENN. LEAGUE FOR TAFT

Keystone Republican Clubs Indorse the President.

(By Telegraph to The Tribune.) vania State League of Republican Clubs the Atlanta Terra Cotta Company and put itself squarely on record to-day in the Standard Underground Cable Comsupport of Taft and Sherman. After pany \$500 each. Frederick W. Willard, of Philadelphia, had been unanimously re-elected president and other officers had been chosen the league adopted resolutions, which

The Pennsylvania State League of Republican Clubs declares its faith in the derwood and William F. McCombs for Governor Wilson.

The only members of the House of Representatives thus far asked to testify are ex-Speaker Cannon, Representative McKinley, Representative Weeks, of Massachusetts, and Representative Palmer, of Pennsylvania, but it is expected that others will appear before the committee ends its hearings.

The resolutions declared the judgment of the league that the campaign in this Pennsylvania, probably will not be called state should be fought on the tariff issue, to explain letters he is alleged to have and President Taft was praised for his course in vetoing the tariff bills passed by Congress this year, and thus preventing another disturbance of business

> A ROON FOR THE WEARY-The Tribune's Room and Board Register contains a list of the better rooms. Consult it.

York City on October first. your uninvested funds in a commercial bank or trust company or in your own possession are subject to personal taxation.

Our Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates are free of such taxation in New York State. They pay 45% Interest and are guaranteed by the Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Co.

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STOPS MOTORCYCLE RACES

Newark's Mayor Interferes with Vailsburg Track Pians.

Newark, N. J., Sept. 25 .- Mayor Haussling of Newark does not purpose allowmotordrome where eight persons lost their lives a few weeks ago when Eddie Hasha's motorcycle got away from him and crashed into the crowd of spectators. He called a special meeting of the Common Council to discuss the situation, and has instructed Chief Corbitt not to permit race ing pending the council's action on the

The Mayor received a letter yesterday from Alderman Maurice H. Welsh, of the 13th Ward, asking for the special meeting of the Council for this purpose. Alderman Welsh said that his request was made at the instance of his constituents in the Vallsburg section of the city. Posters had been put up throughout the

city announcing the motordrome manag-

ers' intention to reopen Sunday afternoon A full card of motorcycle races had been arranged and advertised. Paul C. Derkum, manager of the motor drome, said there could not be another accident, as when Hasha's machine ran

into the spectators, as a new safety device had been installed at the track to guard against such an occurrence. SHERIFF HAS STRIKE BILL

Wants Jersey Concerns to Pay for Protection. (By Telegraph to The Tribune.) New Brunswick, N. J., Sept. 25.—Sheriff

Bollschweiler is taking steps to recov from Perth Amboy manufacturing plants protected by the county during the strike The Democratic faction of which riots last June the \$14,500 expended by the sides food and transportation. The prin-cipal disorder was at the plant of the American Smelting and Refining Con pany, and the highest assessment has been levied against this concern-\$5,300. The Sheriff has asked the United Lead Company, the North Amboy Cigar Company and the Barber Asphalt Company for \$2,000 each. The C. Pardee Compan is assessed at \$1,000, the Rosenthal Handkerchief Company and the American Asri-Chester, Penn., Sept. 35.-The Pennsyl- cultural Chemical Company 500 each and

QUITS FEDERAL OFFICE

Walter D. Getty Leaves Chicago Postoffice to Do Business Here.

Chicago, Sept. 25.-Walter D. Getty, for seven years head of the second-class matter bureau in the Chicago postoffice, has been appointed manager of the Association of American Advertisers, with head-

quarters in New York.

Mr. Getty occupied for several years
the office of special agent of the Postoffice Department, attached to the third
assistant postmaster general's office in
Washington.

MACVEAGH SPEAKS HERE TO-DAY The Commercial Travellers' Sound Money League of the United States will begin a series of noonday meetings at No. 631 Broadway to-day, which will continue daily. Sunday excepted, until the elec-

The speakers to-day will be Franklin MacVeagh, Secretary of the Treasury, and Albert L. Blair.

The league is a business, not a political, organization and has a membership of more than two hundred thousand.



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